Strand 1: Inquiry Process

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 1: Observations,	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety	PO 1. Evaluate scientific information for relevance to a given problem.	
Questions, and Hypotheses Formulate predictions, questions, or hypotheses based on observations. Evaluate appropriate	practices.	PO 2. Develop questions from observations that transition into testable hypotheses. PO 3. Formulate a testable hypothesis.	
resources.		PO 4. Predict the outcome of an investigation based on prior evidence, probability, and/or modeling (not guessing or inferring).	

Strand 1: Inquiry Process

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Scientific Testing (Investigating and Modeling) Design and conduct controlled investigations. 1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.	PO 1. Demonstrate safe and ethical procedures (e.g., use and care of technology, materials, organisms) and behavior in all science inquiry. PO 2. Identify the resources needed to conduct an investigation.		
		 PO 3. Design an appropriate protocol (written plan of action) for testing a hypothesis: Identify dependent and independent variables in a controlled investigation. Determine an appropriate method for data collection (e.g., using balances, thermometers, microscopes, spectrophotometer, using qualitative changes). Determine an appropriate method for recording data (e.g., notes, sketches, photographs, videos, journals (logs), charts, computers/calculators). 	

Strand 1: Inquiry Process

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Scientific Testing (Investigating and Modeling) Design and conduct controlled investigations.	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.	PO 4. Conduct a scientific investigation that is based on a research design. PO 5. Record observations, notes, sketches, questions, and ideas using tools such as journals, charts, graphs, and computers.	

Strand 1: Inquiry Process

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 3: Analysis, Conclusions, and Refinements Evaluate experimental design, analyze data to explain results and propose further investigations. Design models.	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.	 PO 1. Interpret data that show a variety of possible relationships between variables, including: positive relationship negative relationship no relationship PO 2. Evaluate whether investigational data support or do not support the proposed hypothesis. PO 3. Critique reports of scientific studies (e.g., published papers, student reports). PO 4. Evaluate the design of an investigation to identify possible sources of procedural error, including: sample size trials controls analyses 	

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CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 3: Analysis, Conclusions, and Refinements Evaluate experimental design, analyze data to explain results and propose further investigations. Design models.	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment.	PO 5. Design models (conceptual or physical) of the following to represent "real world" scenarios: carbon cycle water cycle phase change collisions PO 6. Use descriptive statistics to analyze data, including: mean frequency range (See MHS-S2C1-10) PO 7. Propose further investigations based on the findings of a conducted investigation.	

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CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 4: Communication Communicate results of investigations.	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.	PO 1. For a specific investigation, choose an appropriate method for communicating the results. PO 2. Produce graphs that communicate data. (See MHS-S2C1-02) PO 3. Communicate results clearly and logically. PO 4. Support conclusions with logical scientific arguments.	

Strand 3: Science in Personal and Social Perspectives

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Science and Technology in Society Develop viable solutions to a need or problem.	4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment.9.0 Discuss bioethical issues.	PO 1. Analyze the costs, benefits, and risks of various ways of dealing with the following needs or problems: • various forms of alternative energy • storage of nuclear waste • abandoned mines • greenhouse gases • hazardous wastes	
		PO 2. Recognize the importance of basing arguments on a thorough understanding of the core concepts and principles of science and technology. PO 3. Support a position on a science or technology issue.	

Strand 3: Science in Personal and Social Perspectives

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Science and Technology in Society Develop viable solutions to a need or problem.	4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment.	PO 4. Analyze the use of renewable and nonrenewable resources in Arizona: • water • land • soil • minerals • air PO 5. Evaluate methods used to manage natural resources (e.g., reintroduction of wildlife, fire ecology).	

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 1: The Cell Understand the role of the cell and cellular processes.	5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production	PO 1. Describe the role of energy in cellular growth, development, and repair.	
con and condian processes.	6.0 Describe principles of	PO 2. Compare the form and function of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and their cellular components.	
	animal growth and production	PO 3. Explain the importance of water to cells.	
	·	PO 4. Analyze mechanisms of transport of materials (e.g., water, ions, macromolecules) into and out of cells: • passive transport • active transport	
		PO 5. Describe the purposes and processes of cellular reproduction.	

Strand 3: Science in Personal and Social Perspectives

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 1: Changes in	2.0 Describe mammal health needs.	PO 1. Evaluate how the processes of natural ecosystems affect, and are affected by, humans.	
Environments Describe the interactions between human populations, natural hazards, and the environment.	4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment.	PO 2. Describe the environmental effects of the following natural and/or human-caused hazards:	

Strand 3: Science in Personal and Social Perspectives

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 3: Human Population Characteristics Analyze factors that affect human populations.	4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment.	PO 1. Analyze social factors that limit the growth of a human population, including: affluence education access to health care cultural influences PO 2. Describe biotic (living) and abiotic (nonliving) factors that affect human populations. PO 3. Predict the effect of a change in a specific factor on a human population.	

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Molecular Basis of Heredity Understand the molecular basis of heredity and resulting genetic diversity.	5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production6.0 Describe principles of animal growth and production	 PO 1. Analyze the relationships among nucleic acids (DNA, RNA), genes, and chromosomes. PO 2. Describe the molecular basis of heredity, in viruses and living things, including DNA replication and protein synthesis. PO 3. Explain how genotypic variation occurs and results in phenotypic diversity. PO 4. Describe how meiosis and fertilization maintain genetic variation. 	

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 5: Matter, Energy, and Organization in Living Systems (Including Human Systems) Understand the organization of living systems, and the role of energy within those systems.	 4.0 Examine the interaction of biological systems within the environment. 5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production. 6.0 Describe principles of animal growth and production. 	 PO 1. Compare the processes of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in terms of energy flow, reactants, and products. PO 2. Describe the role of organic and inorganic chemicals (e.g., carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, nucleic acids, water, ATP) important to living things. PO 3. Diagram the following biogeochemical cycles in an ecosystem: water carbon nitrogen PO 4. Diagram the energy flow in an ecosystem through a food chain. PO 5. Describe the levels of organization of living things from cells, through tissues, organs, organ systems, organisms, populations, and communities to ecosystems. 	

Strand 2: History and Nature of Science

Scientific investigation grows from the contributions of many people. History and Nature of Science emphasizes the importance of the inclusion of historical perspectives and the advances that each new development brings to technology and human knowledge. This strand focuses on the human aspects of science and the role that scientists play in the development of various cultures.

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CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 2: Nature of Scientific Knowledge Understand how science is a process for generating knowledge.	1.0 Demonstrate laboratory procedures and safety practices.	PO 1. Specify the requirements of a valid, scientific explanation (theory), including that it be: • logical • subject to peer review • public • respectful of rules of evidence PO 2. Explain the process by which accepted ideas are challenged or extended by scientific innovation. PO 3. Distinguish between pure and applied science. PO 4. Describe how scientists continue to investigate and critically analyze aspects of theories.	

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 3: Interdependence of Organisms	5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production.	PO 1. Identify the relationships among organisms within populations, communities, ecosystems, and biomes.	
Analyze the relationships among various organisms and their environment.	6.0 Describe principles of animal growth and production.	PO 2. Describe how organisms are influenced by a particular combination of biotic (living) and abiotic (nonliving) factors in an environment.	
	PO 3. Assess how the size and the rate of growth of a population are determined by birth rate, death rate, immigration, emigration, and carrying capacity of the environment.		

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 4: Biological Evolution Understand the scientific principles and processes involved in biological evolution.	5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production.6.0 Describe principles of animal growth and production.	 PO 1. Identify the following components of natural selection, which can lead to speciation: potential for a species to increase its numbers genetic variability and inheritance of offspring due to mutation and recombination of genes finite supply of resources required for life selection by the environment of those offspring better able to survive and produce offspring PO 2. Explain how genotypic and phenotypic variation can result in adaptations that influence an organism's success in an environment. 	
		PO 3. Describe how the continuing operation of natural selection underlies a population's ability to adapt to changes in the environment and leads to biodiversity and the origin of new species.	

Strand 4: Life Science

CONCEPT	ABS COMPETENCIES	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	ASSESSMENT
Concept 4: Biological Evolution Understand the scientific principles and	5.0 Describe principles of plant growth and production.6.0 Describe principles of animal	PO 4. Predict how a change in an environmental factor (e.g., rainfall, habitat loss, non-native species) can affect the number and diversity of species in an ecosystem.	
processes involved in biological evolution.	growth and production.	PO 5. Analyze how patterns in the fossil record, nuclear chemistry, geology, molecular biology, and geographical distribution give support to the theory of organic evolution through natural selection over billions of years and the resulting present day biodiversity.	
		PO 6. Analyze, using a biological classification system (i.e., cladistics, phylogeny, morphology, DNA analysis), the degree of relatedness among various species.	

Comprehensive Health Education Standards STANDARD 1

Students comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention

CONCEPT	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE	
1CH-P2. Explain the interrelationships among the mental, emotional,	PO 1. Identify the different stages of the human life cycle (conception, prenatal, infant, toddler, preschool, school)	
psychological and physical realities that occur throughout the life	PO 2. Identify the characteristics and developmental needs related to each stage of the life cycle	
cycle	PO 3. Relate the principles of healthy living to each stage of the life cycle	
1CH-P8. Identify the location and function of the reproductive organs, the fertility cycle, and the	PO 1. Describe male and female reproductive organs and understand the location and basic function of each (to include menstrual cycle)	
process of conception, and emphasize factors	PO 2. Describe the association of conception to the fertility cycle	
that contribute to the birth of a healthy child	PO 3. Describe the economic impact of substance abuse on worker productivity and national health care cost	
	PO 4. Describe the major factors in family planning (e.g., personal goal setting, number of children desired, importance of timing of pregnancy, identification of available resources and family education)	