Writing

PROFICIENCY LEVEL DESCRIPTORS

Pre-Emergent

The student at this level has a limited ability to write in English. The student recognizes that spoken words are represented by written language. The student relays short messages using pictures, imitative writing, or dictating key words to an adult.

Emergent

The student at this level has a limited ability to write in English. The student recognizes that spoken words are represented by written language. The student relays short messages by using pictures, imitative writing, or dictating key words to an adult. The student may be able to write upper and lower case letters of the alphabet.

Basic

The student at this level has a limited ability to write in English. The student applies sound/symbol relationships to spell high frequency words in sentences and short phrases. The student uses correct subject/verb agreement in a variety of writing applications. The student uses writing conventions to write one or more paragraphs in a variety of writing applications. Errors in writing conventions may impede reader's comprehension.

Low Intermediate

The student at this level has an ability to write in English. The student uses standard writing conventions to write one more detailed paragraphs in a variety of writing applications. The student uses correct subject/verb agreement in a variety of sentence types. Errors in writing conventions may impede reader's comprehension.

High Intermediate

The student at this level has an ability to write in English. The student uses standard writing conventions to write multiple detailed paragraphs in a variety of writing applications. The student uses correct subject/verb agreement in a variety of sentence types. Errors in writing conventions do not impede reader's comprehension.

	Stan	dard 1: The student w	ill express his or her th	inking and ideas in a va	ariety of writing genres.	
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The st	tudent will express his	or her thinking and idea	s by using a variety of	writing genres, as demo	onstrated by:
Writing Applications	rrative	PE-1: writing words or combination of words and phrases about real or imagined events, observations or memories, with instructional support.	E-1: writing phrases and/or sentences about real or imagined events, observations or memories.	B-1: writing a narrative paragraph about real or imagined events, using a sequence of sentences including characters and setting.	LI-1: writing one or more narrative paragraphs that include characters, setting, sensory details and logical sequencing to develop the plot.	HI-1: writing one or more narrative paragraphs that include an engaging plot, developed characters, setting, figurative language, and dialogue as appropriate.
M	Nai	PE-2: copying/ writing simple poetry or chants from a model.	E-2: writing simple rhymes with instructional support.	B-2: writing simple, formulaic poetry using rhythm and rhyme.	LI-2: writing simple poetry using rhythm, rhyme, and sensory details.	HI-2: writing simple poetry using various techniques including use of figurative language.

	Stan	dard 1: The student w	vill express his or her th	inking and ideas in a va	ariety of writing genres.	
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The s	tudent will express his	or her thinking and idea	s by using a variety of	writing genres, as demo	onstrated by:
Applications	Narrative	PE-3: taking notes using a teacher selected and teacher created graphic organizer or cloze notes, with instructional support.	E-3: taking notes using a teacher selected and teacher created graphic organizer or cloze notes.	B-3: taking notes using a teacher selected and student created graphic organizer or cloze notes.	LI-3: taking notes using teacher or student selected formats based upon knowledge of oral or written text structures.	HI-3: taking notes using self selected formats based upon knowledge of oral or written text structures.
		(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)
Writing	Expository	PE-4: writing a combination of words and phrases based on research, with instructional support.	E-4: writing phrases and/or sentences based on research using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements, with instructional support.	B-4: writing a paragraph based on research using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.	LI-4: writing simple reports, based on research, using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.	HI-4: writing essays and reports, based on a synthesis of research, using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.
		(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

	Stan	dard 1: The student w	vill express his or her th	inking and ideas in a va	ariety of writing genres.	
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The st	tudent will express his	or her thinking and idea	s by using a variety of	writing genres, as demo	onstrated by:
Writing Applications	Expository	PE-5: writing a combination of words and phrases representing the observations of scientific investigations, with instructional support.	E-5: writing questions for further inquiry based on observations of scientific investigations, with instructional support.	B-5: writing original questions and predictions for further inquiry based on the conclusions of scientific investigations.	LI-5: recording hypotheses, reflections, questions, speculations, decisions, and conclusions structured around scientific investigations with instructional support.	HI-5: organizing and recording hypotheses, reflections, questions, speculations, decisions, and conclusions structured around a scientific investigations.
		(science)	(science)	(science)	(science)	(science)
Wr	Functional	PE-6: N/A	E-6: N/A	B-6: writing a variety of functional text (e.g., instructions, directions) that addresses the audience, stated purpose and context.	LI-6: writing a variety of functional text (e.g., directions, procedures, graphs/tables, brochures) that addresses audience, stated purpose and context.	HI-6: writing a variety of functional text (e.g., directions, procedures, graphs/tables, brochures) that addresses audience, stated purpose and context.
				(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

Pre-Emergent Emergent Basic Low Intermediate Intermediate The student will express his or her thinking and ideas by using a variety of writing genres, as demonstrated by: The student will express his or her thinking and ideas by using a variety of writing genres, as demonstrated by: PF7: writing notes or messages using a template. E-7: writing friendly letters and invitations using simple words and phrases, and addressing an envelope, with instructional support. Second studies) B-7: writing friendly letters, messages, invitations, and thank-you notes that address the audience, stated purpose and context, and addressing an envelope. Goodal studies) B-8: writing a persuasive influence the reader, with instructional support. B-8: writing a persuasive paragraph using facts, ideas and concepts to influence. B-8: writing and relevant evidence. B-8: writing and relevant evidenc		Stan	dard 1: The student w	rill express his or her th	inking and ideas in a va	ariety of writing genres.	
PE7: writing notes or messages using a template. PE7: writing notes or messages using a template. PE7: writing friendly letters and invitations using simple words and phrases, and addressing an envelope, with instructional support. PE8: writing words and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing notes or messages using a template. PE7: writing friendly letters, messages, invitations, and thank-you notes that address the audience, stated purpose and context, and addressing an envelope. PE8: writing words and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing words and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. PE8: writing an envelope. PE8: writing an			Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	_	
The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of teacher of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of teacher of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of teacher of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional support. The color of the teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format. The color of the teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional		The st	tudent will express his	or her thinking and idea	s by using a variety of	writing genres, as demo	onstrated by:
PE-8: writing words and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional support. E-8: writing simple sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support. B-8: writing a persuasive paragraphs of persuasive text which state a clear position and relevant evidence. LI-8: writing multiple paragraphs of persuasive text which state a clear position and relevant evidence.	riting Applications	Functional	messages using a	letters and invitations using simple words and phrases, and addressing an envelope, with	letters, messages, invitations, and thank-you notes that address the audience, stated purpose and context, and addressing an	letter (e.g., business letter, letter to the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a conventional format, with instructional	letter (e.g., business letter, letter to the principal or teacher) that presents information purposefully and follows a
and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional support. Description Persuasive paragraphs of persuasive paragraphs of persuasive text which states a clear position and relevant evidence. Description Persuasive paragraphs of persuasive text which state a clear position and relevant evidence. Description Persuasive paragraphs of persuasive text which states a clear position and relevant evidence.			(social studies)	(social studies)	(social studies)	(social studies)	(social studies)
(social studies) (social studies) (social studies) (social studies) (social studies)		ers	and phrases to influence the reader, with instructional	sentences to influence the reader, with instructional support.	persuasive paragraph using facts, ideas and concepts to influence	paragraphs of persuasive text which state a clear position and relevant evidence.	essay which states a clear position, convincing arguments and

Writing

Standard 1: The student will express his or her thinking and ideas in a variety of writing genres. Writing Applications High Low Pre-Emergent **Emergent** Basic Intermediate Intermediate The student will express his or her thinking and ideas by using a variety of writing genres, as demonstrated by: E-9: writing a short B-9: writing a LI-9: writing a book HI-9: writing a book PE-9: writing a combination of words response that summary that report that identifies report that reflects Response and phrases identifies the main the main idea. the main idea. identifies the main representing the idea, characters, and idea, characters, and characters, setting, characters, setting, main idea of varied setting of varied texts setting of varied events, and plot of events, and plot of texts, with using simple words varied texts. varied texts. texts. instructional support. and phrases.

	Stan	idard 2: The student v	vill identify and apply co	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	mmunications.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
ટા	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	tandard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
English Conventions	Penmanship	PE-1: legibly writing numbers, upper and lower case letters of the alphabet.	E-1: legibly writing numbers and letters independently and with directionality (top to bottom, left to right).	B-1: legibly and independently writing upper and lower case cursive letters and words (signature) with proper spacing.	LI-1: legibly and independently writing cursive sentences (e.g., notes messages).	HI-1: legibly and independently using cursive writing for academic applications (e.g., note taking, drafting).
Standard Eng	Spelling	PE-2: using common spelling of words with short and long vowel sounds, and high frequency words, with instructional support.	E-2: using common spelling of high frequency words, word families and rhyming words.	B-2: using common spelling of CVC (e.g., cat), CCVC (e.g., ship), CVCC (e.g., sink) words, r-controlled words (e.g., cart, burn), diphthongs (e.g., out, oil), digraphs (e.g., phone, meat) and irregular plurals (e.g., children).	LI-2: using common spelling of homonyms, inflectional endings (e.g., -ed, -ing, -er), prefixes (e.g., pre-, pro-, non-) and suffixes (e.g., -al, -ology).	HI-2: using common spelling patterns and generalizations to spell words (e.g., 'i before e', plurals of words ending with 'y', doubling of final consonant).

Writing

Standard 2: The student will identify and apply conventions of standard English in his or her communications. Standard English Conventions Low High Pre-Emergent Emergent Basic Intermediate Intermediate The student will identify and apply conventions of standard English in his or her written communications by: PE-3: writing words E-3: writing words B-3: writing words LI-3: writing HI-3: writing using appropriate and sentences using paragraphs using and simple sentences and Capitalization capitalization (e.g., simple paragraphs sentences using appropriate appropriate capitalization (e.g., using appropriate capitalization (e.g., proper nouns. appropriate capitalization (e.g., capitalization (e.g., proper nouns, pronoun 'l') with proper nouns. instructional support. pronoun "I", titles, proper nouns, the pronoun "I", titles, proper nouns. pronoun "I", sentence abbreviations, words pronoun "I", titles, abbreviations, words beginnings) with abbreviations, words used as names. used as names). instructional support. used as names. historical events). historical events). (social studies) (social studies) (social studies) (social studies) (social studies)

	Stan	dard 2: The student v	vill identify and apply c	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	emmunications.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	standard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
Standard English Conventions	Punctuation	PE-4: writing simple sentences using appropriate ending punctuation (i.e., period, exclamation mark, question mark) with instructional support.	E-4: writing simple sentences using appropriate punctuation (e.g., ending punctuation, period: abbreviations, colons: time) with instructional support.	B-4: writing sentences using appropriate punctuation (e.g., ending punctuation; period: abbreviations; colons: time; commas: items in a series, introductory words, friendly letters; apostrophes: contractions).	LI-4: writing sentences and simple paragraphs using appropriate punctuation (e.g., ending punctuation; periods: abbreviations; colons: time, business letters; commas: items in a series, introductory words, friendly letters; apostrophes: contractions, possessives; semi-colons; quotation marks: dialogue, titles).	HI-4: writing paragraphs using appropriate punctuation (e.g., ending punctuation;, periods: abbreviations; colons: time, business letters; commas: items in a series, introductory words, friendly letters; apostrophes: contractions, possessives; semicolons; quotation marks: dialogue, titles, business letters, direct quotes, exact words from sources).
		(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

	Stan	dard 2: The student v	vill identify and apply co	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	mmunications.
d English Conventions		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	tandard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
	arts of Speech	PE-5: using various subjects (e.g., common nouns, pronouns) in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O) in a variety of writing applications with instructional support.	E-5: using various subjects (e.g., common nouns and proper nouns pronouns) in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P) in a variety of writing applications with instructional support.	B-5: using various subjects in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P) in a variety of writing applications.	LI-5: using various subjects in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P, S-V-DO-IO, S-V-IO-DO) in a variety of writing applications.	HI-5: using various subjects in sentences in a variety of writing applications.
ard	/Pa	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)
Standard	Grammar/Parts	PE-6: using verb tenses (i.e., simple present, present progressive) in a variety of writing pieces with instructional support.	E-6: using verb tenses (i.e., simple present, simple past, simple future, present progressive) in a variety of writing applications.	B-6: using verb tenses (i.e., simple, progressive) in a variety of writing applications.	LI-6: using verb tenses (i.e., simple, progressive, perfect) in a variety of writing applications.	HI-6: using verb tenses (simple, progressive, perfect) in a variety of writing applications.
		(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

	Stan	dard 2: The student v	vill identify and apply co	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	ommunications.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
SU	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	tandard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
d English Conventions	Parts of Speech	PE-7: using subject-verb agreement in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O) in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	E-7: using subject-verb agreement in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P) in a variety of writing applications.	B-7: using subject-verb agreement in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P, S-V-DO-IO, S-V-IO-DO) in a variety of writing applications.	LI-7: using subject-verb agreement in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P, S-V-DO-IO, S-V-IO-DO) in a variety of writing applications.	HI-7: using subject-verb agreement in sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P, S-V-DO-IO, S-V-IO-DO) in a variety of writing applications.
Standard	Grammar/Parts	PE-8: N/A Pre-Req: PE-5,6,7	E-8: using noun phrases in sentences.	B-8: using noun, adverbial and/or prepositional phrases in sentences.	LI-8: using noun, adverbial and/or prepositional phrases in sentences.	HI-8: using noun, adverbial and/or prepositional phrases in sentences.
			(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

	Stan	idard 2: The student v	will identify and apply c	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	mmunications.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	tandard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
nglish Conventions	Construction	PE-9: using simple declarative sentences (i.e., S-V, S-V-O) in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	E-9: using simple (i.e., S-V, S-V-O, S-V-C, S-V-O-P) declarative sentences in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	B-9: using simple and/or compound declarative sentences in a variety of writing applications.	LI-9: using simple, compound, and/or complex declarative sentences in a variety of writing applications.	HI-9: using various declarative sentence structures in a variety of writing applications.
Eng Eng	_	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)
	DC.	PE-10: N/A	E-10: using	B-10: using	LI-10: using	HI-10: using
Standard	Syntax/Sentence	Pre-Req: PE-9	sentences in the positive (e.g., I am tall.) and negative (e.g., I am not tall.) sentence construction forms, in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	sentences in the positive (e.g., I am tall.) and negative (e.g., I am not tall.) sentence construction forms, in a variety of writing applications.	sentences in the positive (e.g., I am tall.) and negative (e.g., I am not tall.) sentence construction forms, in a variety of writing applications.	sentences in the positive (e.g., I am tall.) and negative (e.g., I am not tall.) sentence construction forms, in a variety of writing applications.
			(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)

	Stan	dard 2: The student v	will identify and apply co	onventions of standard	English in his or her co	mmunications.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The s	tudent will identify and	apply conventions of s	tandard English in his o	or her written communic	cations by:
Standard English Conventions	Syntax/Sentence Construction	PE-11: using interrogative sentences in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support. (math, science, social studies) PE-12: N/A Pre-Req: PE-9	E-11: using interrogative sentences in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support. (math, science, social studies) E-12: using exclamatory sentences in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	B-11: using interrogative sentences in a variety of writing applications. (math, science, social studies) B-12: using exclamatory sentences in a variety of writing applications.	LI-11: using interrogative sentences in a variety of writing applications. (math, science, social studies) LI-12: using exclamatory sentences in a variety of writing applications.	HI-11: using interrogative sentences in a variety of writing applications. (math, science, social studies) HI-12: using exclamatory sentences in a variety of writing applications.
Sta	Syntax/8	PE-13: N/A Pre-Req: PE-9	E-13: using imperative sentences in a variety of writing applications, with instructional support.	B-13: using imperative sentences in a variety of writing applications.	LI-13: using imperative sentences in a variety of writing applications.	HI-13: using imperative sentences in a variety of writing applications.

	Stan	dard 3: Students use	the steps of the writing	process as a writing pi	ece moves toward com	pletion.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	Stude	nts use the steps of the	writing process as a w	riting piece moves towa	ard completion as demo	onstrated by:
SS	gı	PE-1: recording ideas during group pre-writing activities (e.g., webbing, listing, using pictures).	E-1: generating and organizing ideas during pre-writing activities with instructional support.	B-1: generating, recording, and organizing ideas for pre-writing.	LI-1: generating, organizing, and maintaining a record of ideas for pre-writing.	HI-1: generating, organizing, maintaining and evaluating ideas for pre-writing.
900	/riti	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)	(math, science, social studies)
Writing Process	Pre-Writing	PE-2: N/A	E-2: N/A	B-2: determining the purpose (e.g., to entertain, to inform, to explain) of a writing piece with instructional support.	LI-2: determining the purpose (e.g., to entertain, to inform, to explain, to persuade) of a writing piece.	HI-2: determining the purpose (e.g., to entertain, to inform, to explain, to persuade) of a writing piece.
	Drafting	PE-3: creating a group draft, scripted by the teacher, to plan writing.	E-3: creating a draft from pre-writing activities, with instructional support.	B-3: using a pre-writing plan (e.g., graphic organizer, KWL chart, log) to develop a draft with main ideas.	LI-3: analyzing information on a pre-writing plan (e.g., graphic organizer, KWL chart, log) to develop a draft with main ideas.	HI-3: evaluating information on a pre-writing plan (e.g., graphic organizer, KWL chart, log) to develop a draft with main idea.
		(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(social studies)	(social studies)	(social studies)

	Stan	dard 3: Students use	the steps of the writing	process as a writing pi	ece moves toward com	pletion.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	Stude	nts use the steps of the	writing process as a w	riting piece moves tow	ard completion as demo	onstrated by:
Writing Process	Revising	PE-4: revising a group draft, and adding additional details for clarity with instructional support.	E-4: reviewing the draft with assistance of peers, checklists, or rubrics, and adding details for clarity.	B-4: identifying and applying tools (e.g., resources, reference materials) or strategies (e.g., peer review, rubrics) to rearrange and modify words, sentences, and paragraphs in order to clarify meaning.	LI-4: applying appropriate tools (e.g., resources, reference materials) or strategies (e.g., peer review, rubrics) to rearrange and modify words, sentences, and paragraphs in order to clarify meaning.	HI-4: applying appropriate tools (e.g. resources, reference materials) or strategies (e.g., peer review, rubrics) to rearrange and modify words, sentences, and paragraphs in order to clarify meaning.
∥ Š ∣		(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)
	Editing	PE-5: N/A	E-5: identifying and correcting basic punctuation errors in the draft, with instructional support.	B-5: identifying and correcting basic punctuation errors in the draft.	LI-5: identifying and correcting errors in conventions (e.g., sentence structure, spelling, capitalization, punctuation) in the draft, with instructional support.	HI-5: identifying and correcting errors in conventions (e.g., sentence structure, spelling, capitalization, punctuation) in the draft.
			(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)

	Stan	dard 3: Students use	the steps of the writing	process as a writing pi	ece moves toward com	pletion.
		Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
SS	Stude	nts use the steps of the	writing process as a w	riting piece moves towa	ard completion as demo	onstrated by:
Writing Process	Publishing	PE-6: presenting a final product in a visual format that includes text (e.g., collages, labeling, captioning posters, multimedia).	E-6: presenting writing in a simple text format (e.g., simple sentences, two to three word phrases).	B-6: presenting writing in a format appropriate to audience and purpose (e.g., oral presentations, timelines, paragraphs, manuscripts, multimedia).	LI-6: presenting writing related to a content area in a format appropriate to audience and purpose.	HI-6: presenting writing related to a content area in a format appropriate to audience and purpose, within a set time period.
		(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)

lcy	Standard 4: The stu	udent will integrate elen	nents of effective writing	g to develop engaging a	and focused text.
riting Elements Organization, Voice, Sentence Fluency	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate
	The student will integrate by:	rate elements of effective	ve writing to develop en	gaging and focused tex	t as demonstrated
	PE-1: using labels, captions or pictures to convey meaning.	E-1: writing stand-alone text that expresses a clear general message.	B-1: writing text that incorporates details.	LI-1: writing clearly focused text that incorporates relevant details.	HI-1: writing clearly focused text suited to an audience and purpose that incorporates relevant supporting details.
ing	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)
Writing Ideas, Word Choice, Organi	PE-2: organizing content (e.g. captions, pictures) into a selected format that demonstrates sequencing (i.e., beginning, middle, end).	E-2: writing simple sentences to support a main idea.	B-2: writing a paragraph, focused on a topic, that includes details, clear sequencing, and transitional words and phrases to connect ideas.	LI-2: writing paragraphs with a logical organizing principle, transitions and relevant supporting details.	HI-2: writing paragraphs that use a structure that fits the type of writing, smooth and effective transitions, and a conclusion that provides a sense of resolution.
	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)

	Standard 4: The st	udent will integrate elen	nents of effective writing	g to develop engaging a	nd focused text.		
Sentence	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate		
_	The student will integ by:	The student will integrate elements of effective writing to develop engaging and focused text as demonstrated by:					
Writing Elements hoice, Organization, Voice,	PE-3: N/A	E-3: N/A	B-3: writing a paragraph using selected words that convey intended meaning.	LI-3: writing paragraphs using language appropriate to the audience and purpose (i.e., formal vs. informal).	HI-3: writing paragraphs showing an awareness of audience and appropriate to the topic and type of writing.		
Writi Ideas, Word Choice,	PE-4: N/A	E-4: selecting appropriate words to create simple sentences to support a main idea.	B-4: writing a paragraph using expressive and descriptive words that convey the intended meaning.	LI-4: writing paragraphs using phrases that convey intended meaning and style.	HI-4: writing paragraphs using original, varied and natural word choices, including literal and figurative language.		

Fluency	Standard 4: The student will integrate elements of effective writing to develop engaging and focused text.					
S Sentence Flue	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate	
Ge, e	The student will integrate elements of effective writing to develop engaging and focused text as demonstrated by:					
Writing Proces Word Choice, Organization, Voice,	PE-5: writing simple sentences, with support.	E-5: writing simple sentences.	B-5: writing simple and compound sentences that flow together and sound natural.	LI-5: writing paragraphs using simple and compound sentences that vary in their beginnings, lengths, and patterns to enhance the flow of the writing.	HI-5: writing paragraphs using simple, compound and complex sentences that vary in their beginnings, lengths, and patterns to enhance the flow of the writing.	
Ideas,	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	

	Standard 5: The student will demonstrate research skills by using a variety of reference materials to complete a variety of writing tasks.						
	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate		
Research		The student will demonstrate research skills by using a variety of reference materials to complete a variety of writing tasks as evidenced by the following:					
	PE-1: recording information using non-linguistic representations (e.g., tables, maps) with instructional support.	E-1: organizing information using non-linguistic representations, and/or simple words and phrases (e.g., tables and maps).	B-1: summarizing events using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.	LI-1: writing simple reports, based on research, using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.	HI-1: writing essays and reports, based on research, using topic sentences, main ideas, relevant facts, details, and concluding statements.		
	PE-2: visually representing the observations of scientific investigations.	E-2: writing questions for further inquiry based on a scientific investigation, with instructional support.	B-2: writing original questions and predictions for further inquiry based on the conclusions of a scientific investigation.	LI-2: organizing student collected data (e.g., facts they learn, procedures they conduct) in appropriate format.	HI-2: recording hypotheses, reflections, questions, speculations, decisions, and conclusions structured around a scientific investigation.		
	(science)	(science)	(science)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)		

	Standard 5: The student will demonstrate research skills by using a variety of reference materials to complete a variety of writing tasks.						
	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate		
		onstrate research skills need by the following:	by using a variety of ref	erence materials to com	plete a variety of		
Research	PE-3: listing resources by title.	E-3: listing resources by author and title.	B-3: listing resources using a consistent format.	LI-3: listing resources using a consistent format to quote information, and supply citations.	HI-3: quoting or paraphrasing information sources, and supplying citations.		
Re	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)		
	PE-4: N/A. Pre-Req: PE-1,2,3	E-4: N/A Pre-Req: PE-1,2,3	B-4: paraphrasing information from at least one source.	LI-4: paraphrasing information from a variety of sources.	HI-4: paraphrasing and integrating information from a variety of sources, and distinguishing between relevant and/or extraneous information.		
			(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)		

Research	Standard 5 : The student will demonstrate research skills by using a variety of reference materials to complete a variety of writing tasks.						
	Pre-Emergent	Emergent	Basic	Low Intermediate	High Intermediate		
	The student will demonstrate research skills by using a variety of reference materials to complete a variety of writing tasks as evidenced by the following:						
	PE-5: N/A	E-5: N/A	B-5: producing group reports including understanding the purpose of the project, and assigning research tasks.	LI-5: producing group reports including summarizing the purpose of the project, reaching consensus regarding the research, and assigning research tasks.	HI-5: producing group reports including summarizing the purpose of the project reaching consensus regarding the research, and setting and meeting timelines.		
			(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)	(science, social studies)		