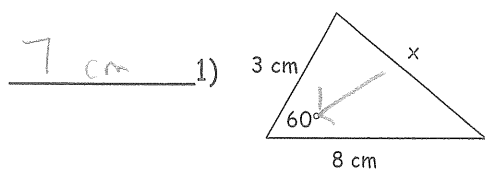


Name Key

Homework Day 5 Law of Cosines

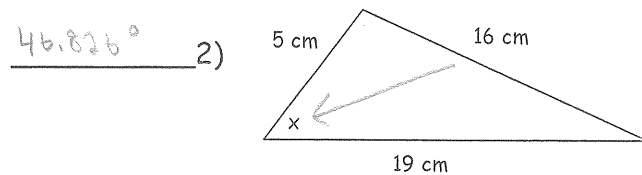
1-4 Find the value of x . Round to thousandths. Show work.



$$x^2 = 3^2 + 8^2 - 2(3)(8)\cos 60^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 49$$

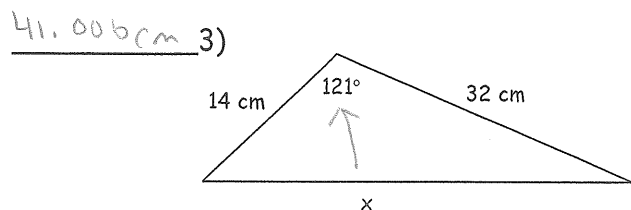
$$x = 7 \text{ cm}$$



$$16^2 = 5^2 + 19^2 - 2(5)(19)\cos x^\circ$$

$$.684 = \cos x$$

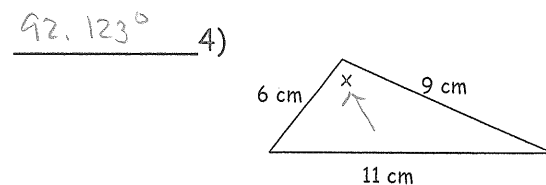
$$x = 46.826^\circ$$



$$x^2 = 14^2 + 32^2 - 2(14)(32)\cos 121^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 1681.474$$

$$x = 41.006 \text{ cm}$$



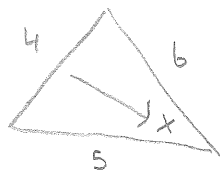
$$11^2 = 6^2 + 9^2 - 2(6)(9)\cos x^\circ$$

$$-.097 = \cos x$$

$$x = 92.123^\circ$$

5-8 SHOW WORK. Round to thousandths.

41.410° 5) The lengths of the sides of a Δ are 4cm, 5cm, and 6cm. Find the measure of the smallest angle.

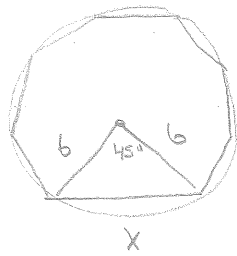


$$4^2 = 5^2 + 6^2 - 2(5)(6)\cos x^\circ$$

$$.75 = \cos x$$

$$x = 41.410^\circ$$

36.738 cm 6) A regular octagon is inscribed in a circle with a radius of 6cm. Find the perimeter of the regular octagon.



$$\text{Perimeter} = 8(x) = \boxed{36.738 \text{ cm}}$$

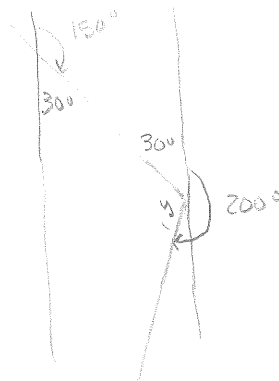
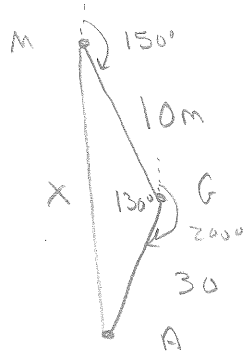
$$\frac{360}{8} = 45^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 6^2 + 6^2 - 2(6)(6) \cos 45^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 21.088$$

$$x = 4.572$$

31.007 m 7) The bearing from Mathville to Geoville is 150° and the distance is 10m. The bearing from Geoville to Algeville is 200° and the distance is 30m. Find the distance from Mathville to Algeville.



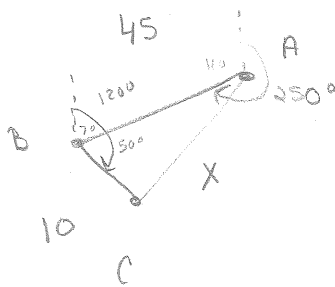
$$y = 360 - (30 + 200) = 130^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 30^2 + 10^2 - 2(10)(30) \cos 130^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 961.433$$

$$x = \boxed{31.007 \text{ m}}$$

39.325 ft 8) The bearing from A to B is 250° . The bearing from B to C is 120° . The distance from A to B is 45 ft and the distance from B to C is 10 ft. Find the distance from A to C.



$$x^2 = 10^2 + 45^2 - 2(10)(45) \cos 50^\circ$$

$$x^2 = 1546.491$$

$$x = \boxed{39.325 \text{ ft}}$$