

Metric Mania



Metric Conversions Ladder Method

Metric System

- The metric system is based on a base unit that corresponds to a certain kind of measurement
 - Length = meter
 - Volume = liter
 - Weight (Mass) = gram
- Prefixes plus base units make up the metric system
 - Example:
 - Centi + meter = Centimeter
 - Kilo + liter = Kiloliter



**Basic
Unit**

To convert to a larger unit, move
decimal point to the left or divide.



To convert to a smaller unit, move
decimal point to the right or multiply.



Metric System

- But what if you need to measure a longer distance, like from your house to school?
 - Let's say you live approximately 10 miles from school
 - 10 miles = 16093 meters
 - 16093 is a big number, but what if you could add a **prefix** onto the base unit to make it easier to manage:
 - 16093 meters = 16.093 kilometers (or 16.1 if rounded to 1 decimal place)

Metric System

- These prefixes are based on powers of 10. What does this mean?
 - From each prefix every “step” is either:
 - 10 times larger
 - or
 - 10 times smaller
 - For example
 - Centimeters are 10 times larger than millimeters
 - 1 centimeter = 10 millimeters

Metric System

- An easy way to move within the metric system is by moving the decimal point one place for each “step” desired

Example: change meters to centimeters

1 meter = 10 decimeters = 100 centimeters

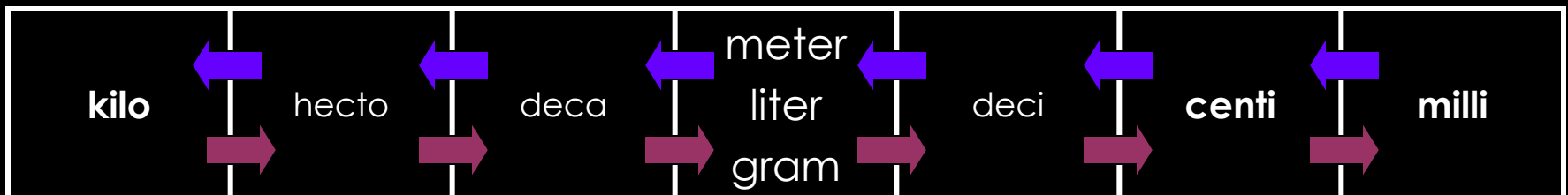
or

1.00 meter = 10.0 decimeters = 100. centimeters

kilo	hecto	deca	meter liter gram	→	deci	→	centi	milli
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Metric System

- If you move to the **left** in the diagram, move the decimal to the **left**
- If you move to the **right** in the diagram, move the decimal to the **right**

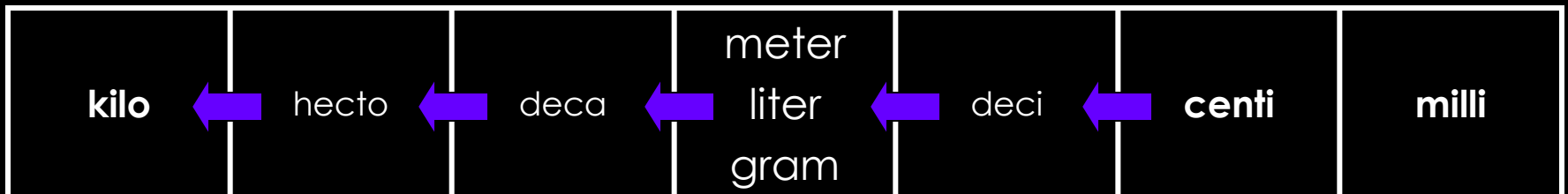


Metric System

- Now let's start from centimeters and convert to kilometers

400000 centimeters = 4 kilometers

400000 centimeters = 4.00000 kilometers

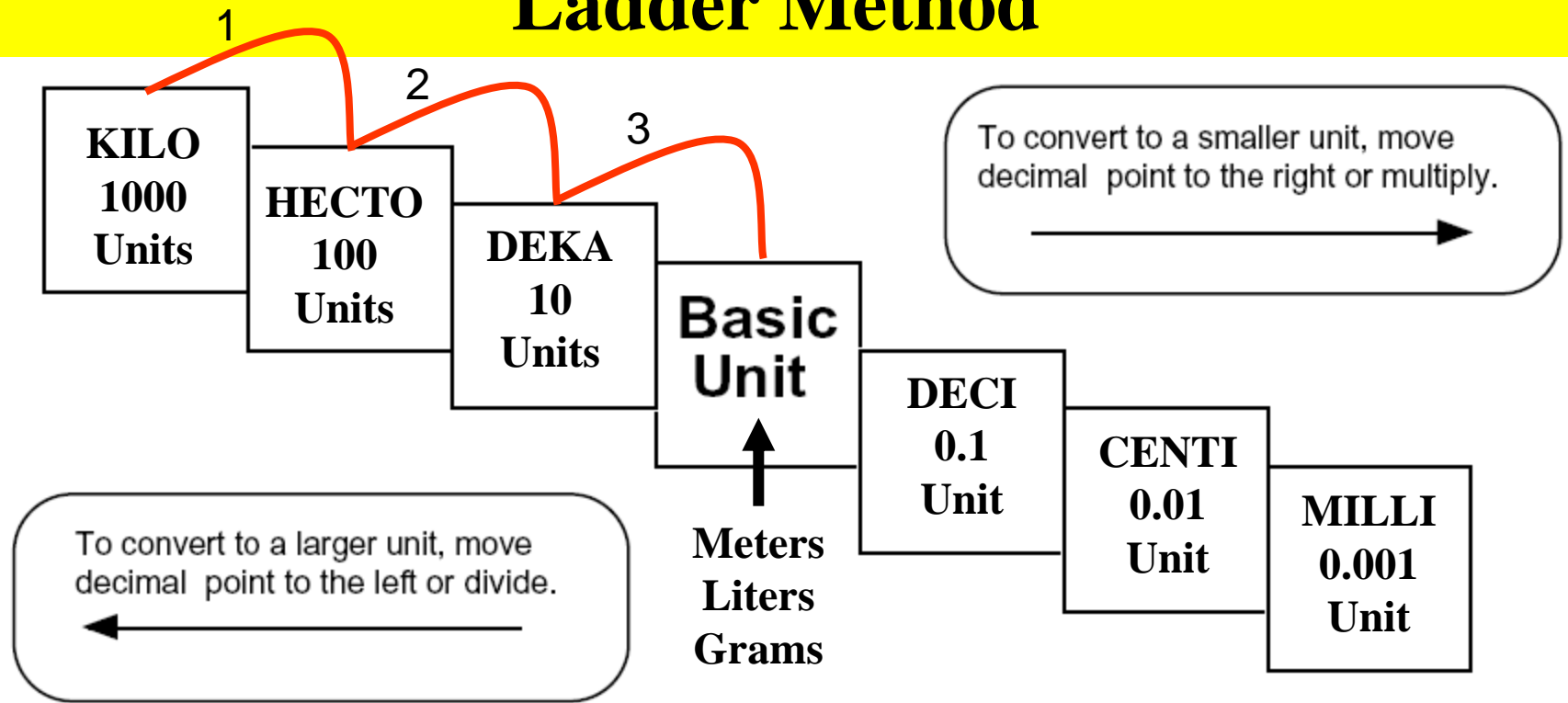


Metric System

- Summary
 - Base units in the metric system are meter, liter, gram
 - Metric system is based on powers of 10
 - For conversions within the metric system, each “step” is 1 decimal place to the right or left
 - Using the diagram below, converting to the right, moves the decimal to the right and vice versa

kilo	hecto	deca	meter liter gram	deci	centi	milli
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Ladder Method



How do you use the “ladder” method?

1st – Determine your starting point.

2nd – Count the “jumps” to your ending point.

3rd – Move the decimal the same number of jumps in the same direction.

$$4 \text{ km} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}$$

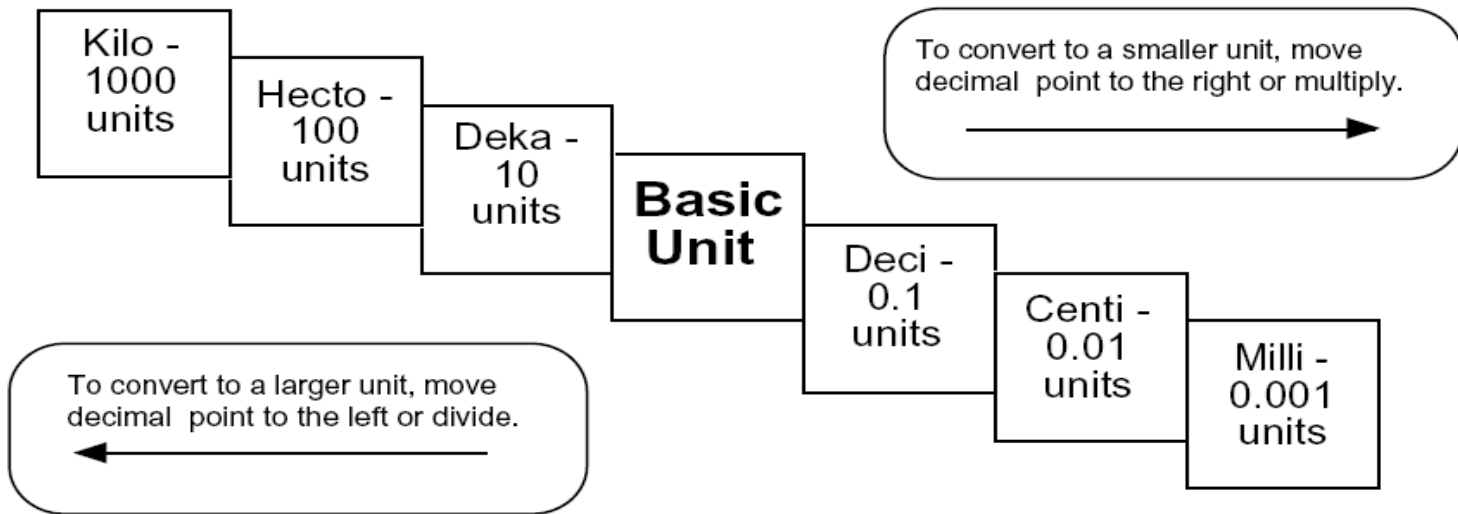
Starting Point Ending Point

How many jumps does it take?

$$4.\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}.\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}.\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} = 4000 \text{ m}$$

1 2 3

Conversion Practice



Try these conversions using the ladder method.

$1000 \text{ mg} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ g}$

$1 \text{ L} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ mL}$

$160 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ mm}$

$14 \text{ km} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}$

$109 \text{ g} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ kg}$

$250 \text{ m} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ km}$

Compare using <, >, or =.

$56 \text{ cm} \bigcirc 6 \text{ m}$

$7 \text{ g} \bigcirc 698 \text{ mg}$