SPALDING SPELLING RULES

- 1. q is always followed by u: queen
- 2. c before e, i, or y says "s" (city, cent) followed by any other letter says "k" (cat, cut)
- 3. **g** before **e**, **i**, or **y** says "j" (page, giant) any other letter says "g" (gate, go, gust)
- 4. a, e, i, u say name at the end of a syllable (navy, me, open, music)
- 5. i and y sometime say "igh"
- 6. y not i used at the end of English words
- 7. jobs of e

first job of e makes vowel say its name (time)
second job of e English words don't end in u or v (love)
third job of e, it lets g say "j" and c say "s" (twice)
fourth job of e, every syllable needs a vowel (able)
fifth job of e, no job! (one)

- 8. 5 spellings for "er", her, first, nurse, early, work
- 9. **1-1-1** rule. Words of one syllable, with one vowel, ending in one consonant, need another final consonant before adding an ending that begins with a vowel. Hop+ped
- 10. **2-1-1** rule. Words with 2 syllables in which second syllable is accented need another consonant before adding an ending that begins with a vowel. Begin+ning
- 11. words ending with a silent final **e** (come) are written without the **e** when adding a vowel ending. com+ing
- 12. i before e except after c or when saying /ay/ field
- 13. **sh** is used at the beginning or end of a base word or at the end of a syllable but never at the beginning of a syllable after the first one except for the word ending **ship**
- 14. ti, si, ci, are used to say /sh/
- 15. si says "sh" when the syllable before it ends in an s /session
- 16. si may say /zh/ as in vision
- 17. double **I, f,** and **s** when following a single vowel
- 18. use ay to say a at the end of a base word never alone. Play
- 19. i and o may say /I/ and /O/ if followed by 2 consonants (find, old)
- 20. letter s never follows x
- 21. all, written alone has 2- 1's
- 22. till and full written alone has 2-I's but when written with another syllable only one I is written
- 23. dge is only used after a single vowel that says it's short sound
- 24. when adding an ending to a word that ends with a consonant and y use i instead of y unless the ending is ing (baby, babies, try, tried, trying)
- 25. ck may be used only after a single vowel that says it's short sound (back, neck, lick, rock, duck)
- 26. Capitalize proper nouns
- 27. words beginning with the sound /z/ are always spelled with z never s (zoo)
- 28. "ed" has three sounds and is added to form the past tense of regular verbs
- 29. divide words between double consonants within a base word (little, account, arrive)